

Peter Lefkin
Mananging Director, MIPI Alliance

MIPI Alliance Extends Interface Standards to Support Automotive Market

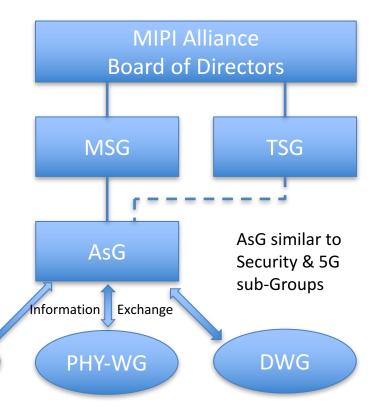
2017
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# **Automotive sub-Group (AsG)**

- AsG Formed Jan. 31, '17
- AsG Reports to MSG, dotted line to TSG
- AsG Kickoff at BCN F2F (March 27, '17)
- Chair: Matt Ronning (Sony)
- Vice-Chair: Uwe Beutnagel-Buchner (Bosch)



Not approved Org Chart

**CWG** 



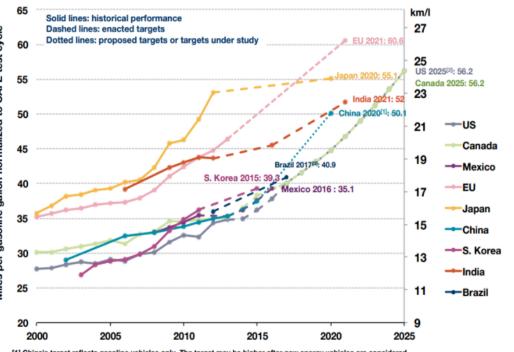
### **Auto Industry Transformation**



- Huge changes in the Automotive Industry
- Aggressive New Fuel Economy Standards
- Electrification of Car
- Car Connectivity
- New OEM's
- New Business Models
- Demand for Driver Safety Systems: ADAS, Autonomous Driving Systems (ADS), etc.



# **Fuel Economy a Market Force**



- [1] China's target reflects gasoline vehicles only. The target may be higher after new energy vehicles are considered.
- [2] The U.S. standards are fuel economy standards set by NHTSA, which is slightly different from GHG standards due to A/C credits.
- [3] Gasoline in Brazil contains 22% of ethanol (E22), all data in the chart have been converted to gasoline (E00) equivalent
- [4] Supporting data can be found at: http://www.theicct.org/info-tools/global-passenger-vehicle-standards.

Source: International Council for Clean Transportation, 2014 Updates

- Fuel Economy Requirements drive Auto Tech: mild hybrids, Mirror Replacement Cameras (MRC), etc.
- Improve Fuel Economy: MRC's weigh less, reduce sidemirror drag 2~7%
- Added Benefit Improved Safety: wider view angle, blind spot coverage, comp for glare, darkness, rain
- Activity in US & Europe, but Japan's regulators passed new rules allowing for mirrorless cars as of June 17, 2016.
- Japan New Vehicle 2023 projections\*:
  - digital rear-view mirrors 29%
  - digital side-view mirrors 12%

\* Source: Ichikoh

WW Fuel Economy Requirements:

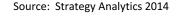
FU 2021: 60.6 MPG equivalent

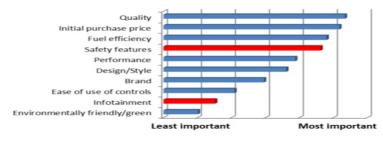
Japan 2020: 55.1 MPG China 2020: 50.1 MPG

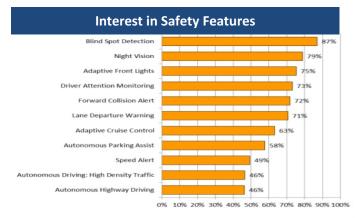
USA/Canada: 56.2 MPG

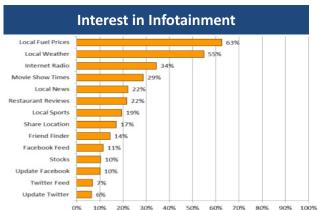


## **Market Demand for Active Safety**







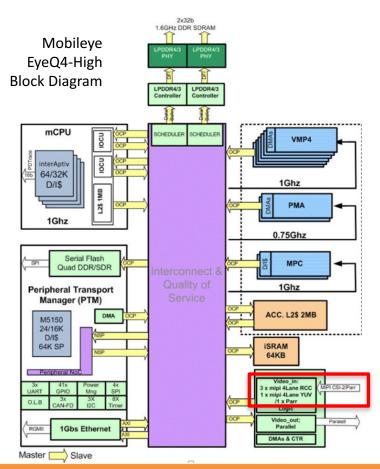


US Consumers Interest in Active Safety Features, Compared to Convenience/Entertainment



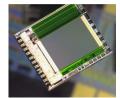
#### Why MIPI for Automotive?

- MIPI can Solve Auto Problems, Already used in Auto Systems
- Market growth rates high, driving MIPI Member Interest
- Board Authorized Formation of AsG at Singapore F2F, Chair chosen (January, 2017)
- "PHY Investigation" includes Auto Channels (4m & 15m) as Targets vs. ~0.3m for current MIPI PHY's
- Cautionary Points:
  - Migration of Consumer Devices to Automotive not trivial
  - MIPI Primarily Mobile Device Standard, this will not change
  - MIPI Alliance not trying to replace existing auto networks
  - MIPI C/D-PHY, MIPI CSI-2, MIPI DSI currently short range – board level interface for automotive

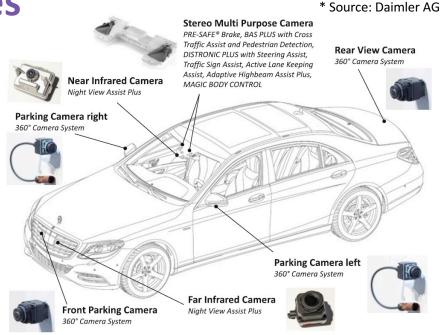




**High Market Growth Rates** 



- Mobileye CEO Amnon Shashua, March 2017 MIT Center for Brains, Minds & Machines Talk
  - Current Cameras in Automotive Use: ~1.3Mpixel (XGA)
  - 2018/19 target spec: ~8Mpixel
  - Analog binning for low light: 2x2, 3x3
  - ADS Req. 7~8 cameras/vehicle
  - 60fps capture raw, 30~10fps semi-processed
  - By 2020 "basically all" US/Euro cars will have front facing cameras



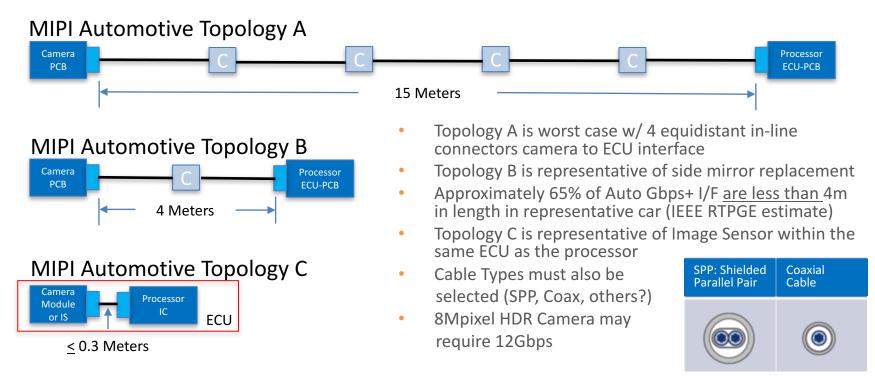
Cameras in the Mercedes-Benz S-class (V222)\*

**Electronics BOM in Cars Increasing, Number of Image Sensors Growing Significantly** 

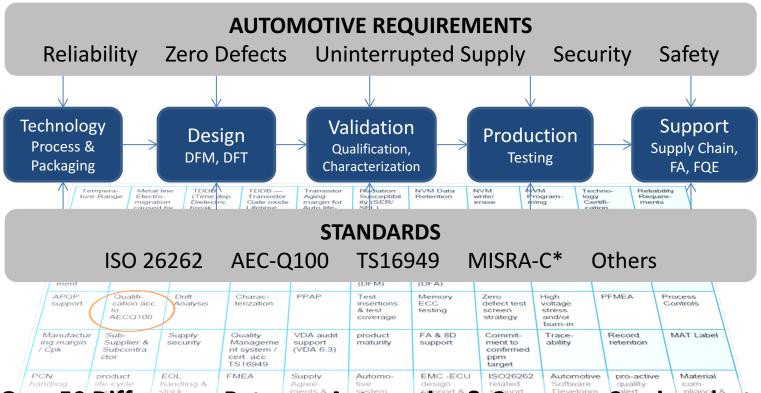


#### MIPI Automotive Topology & Cable Type Investigation

#### **Underway Now**







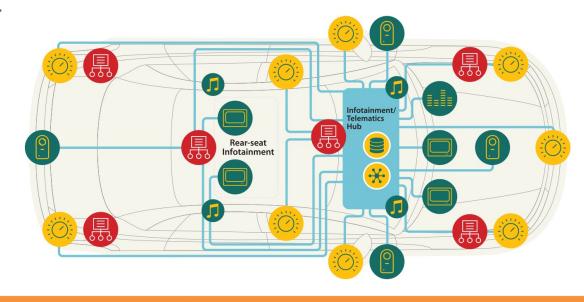
Over 50 Differences Between Automotive & Consumer Semiconductor Support Covered by Standards



# **MIPI Applicable sub-Systems**

- Telematics & In-Vehicle Infotainment (IVI)
- Advanced Driver Assist Systems (ADAS)
- Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)
- Autonomous Driving Systems (ADS)\*
- Others...

\* Focus on ADS as first subsystem to review





#### **SAE Autonomy Levels**

World's First In-Car Al Super-Computer Announced at CES-2016



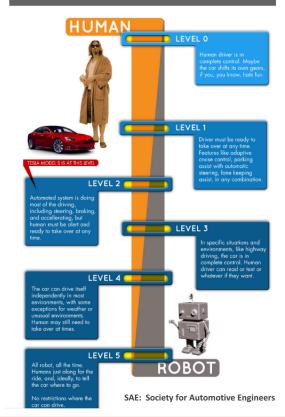
#### **nVidia's Drive PX2** 8 teraflops of processing power

two Tegra SoCs plus two liquid cooled GPUs, including eight ARM Cortex A57 cores and four "Denver" cores



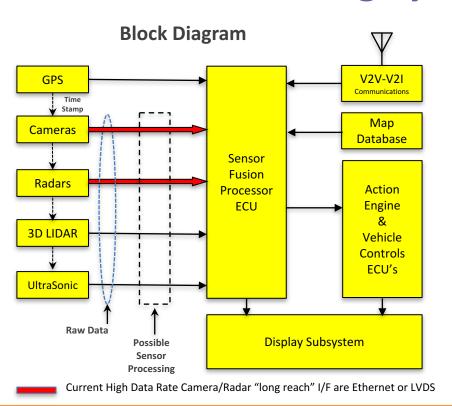
Process data from 12 video cameras, ultrasonic sensors, radar & LiDAR

#### SAE AUTONOMY LEVELS





#### **Autonomous Driving System**



- Central Challenge is getting Possibly Raw Image Sensor &/or Radar Data to Fusion Processor
- For Image Sensors, 10Gbps link could support:
  - RAW16 10MP 1 Max Exposure Channel
     @ 60fps
  - RAW 16 2MP 4 Max Exposure Channel
     @ 60fps
- For Radar Systems, 12Gbps link could support:
  - Four "Typical" 4-RX-Channel Radars (50MS/sec, 12b resolution)
  - Two "Max" 4-RX-Channel Radars (80MS/sec, 16b resolution



### **Current Areas of Investigation**

- Data Rates Required for Automotive Camera Interfaces
- BER Requirement
- Channel Definition (including Interference)
- Capacitively Coupled I/F Requirement
- Power Constraints: TX, RX
- Functional Safety Req's (ISO26262) & Security
- Latency & Sync (i.e., multiple cameras) & ID
- Cable size, weight, connector limitations



#### **Final Comments**

- Lots of interesting work to do!
- Selection/prioritization of topics will be member driven
- Companies with experience and/or interest in Automotive are encouraged to join



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